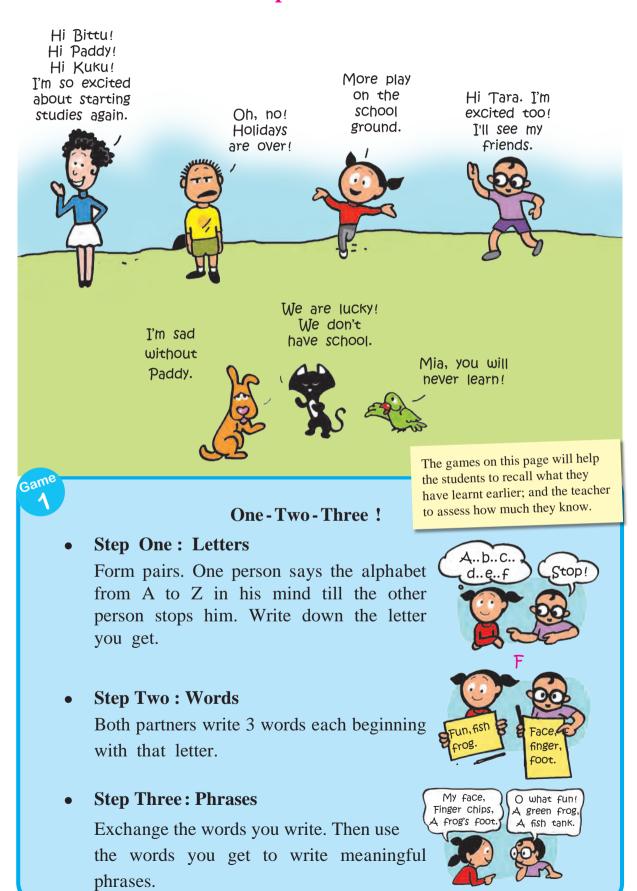
1.2 Warm up with Tara and Friends





Be quick!

Form groups of 5. Choose one of the following tables at a time. Each one in the group reads aloud the words from the table as fast as possible. Who can read all the words in one table within 15 seconds? Practise reading these words aloud correctly till you can do so in 15 seconds.

the	a	it	he	this
be	in	for as		but
to	that	not	you	his
of	have	on	do	by
and	I	with	at	from

they	an	would	up	which
we	will	there	out	me
her	my	their	if	when
she	one	what	about	can
or	all	so	who	no

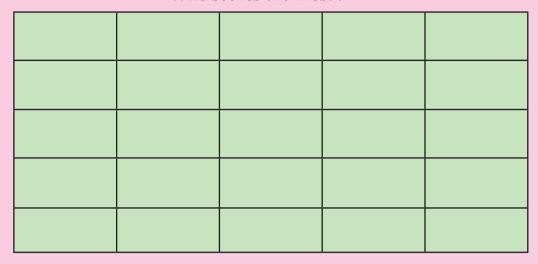


say	take	use	time	way
get	see	work	people	new
make	look	want	year	day
like	come	give	good	two
know	think	go	well	first



just	could	now	how	any	
him	them	its	our	these	
into	other	over	back	only	
your	than	also	even	most	
some	then	after	because	us	

Who scores the most?



• Fill in the above table within 2 minutes using words of at least 3 letters each. Words ending with plural s/es, -ing, -ed, -en are not allowed. Use the following chart to calculate the score.

Number of letters in the words	3-letter words	4-letter words	5-letter words	6-letter words	7-letter words	Words with 8 or more letters
Marks you get for one such word	-	1	2	3	4	5
Number of words you write	×	×	×	×	×	×
Score	•••••		•••••		••••	

+ Add 5 more marks for writing 25 words within 2 minutes.

Total :

Form pairs. Exchange your notebooks and cross-check your scores.



In case of arguments about the correct spelling, get the children to refer to a good dictionary.

Activity: Word Art

Prepare attractive English labels for your notebooks. Make a bookmark for your textbook by writing the letters in your name/the title of the textbook one below the other. TRY to use decorative shapes for TRY to use



Scenes out of the hat!

- Write the following titles of different scenes on slips of paper. Fold the slips and put them in an upturned hat. Form pairs. Draw lots. Each pair should enact the scene written on their slip. Each speaker should get a chance to speak at least 2-3 times.
 - * Asking a friend for his postal address.
 - * Asking a friend for his telephone number.
 - * Talking to a friend only in exclamations, while you are walking around in a garden.
 - * Inviting a friend to your birthday party.
 - * Asking a friend to lend you her notebook.
 - * Saying sorry to someone for trodding on his/her foot.
 - * Offering a glass of water to a guest.
 - * Asking your teacher's permission to enter/leave the class.
 - * Answering the phone.
 - * Thanking your neighbour for giving you sweets.
 - * Interrupt your friends twice while he/she is telling you something.
 - * Asking your teacher about the meaning or pronunciation of a word.
 - * Asking your teacher to explain something to you again.

It's so crowded around here!







Six, running seven, today.
I'll be seven tomorrow.



A friendly challenge!

Form pairs. Write a wrong sentence and ask your partner to correct it. If necessary, refer to the following tables, but feel free to frame your own sentences. But remember, you must be able to correct your own 'wrong sentence'

OWII	wrong sentence.		
	I[am]	You are	He/She/It is
Use	We are	You are	They are
of 'be'	I was	You were	He/She/It was
	We were	You were	They were
	I do/don't	You do/don't	He/She/It does/doesn't
Use	We do/don't	You do/don't	They do/don't
of 'do'	I did/didn't	You did/didn't	He/She/It did/didn't
	We did/didn't	You did/didn't	They did/didn't
Use of 'have'	I have We have	You have	He/She/It has

Adding '-s' to verbs

I like mangoes.

We like mangoes.

You like mangoes.

You like mangoes.

He likes mangoes. She likes mangoes.

It likes mangoes.

They like mangoes.

'a' or 'an'

- an apple
- a red apple
- a mango
- a golden mango
- an overripe mango
- milk
- a drop of milk
- some milk
- two cups of milk

I is a parrot.



You doesn't study, hard.



They red apple eat.



Ilike milks



Please correct their sentences.



Game 1

Questions Race

• Write one meaningful question each beginning with the following words. The first one to do so is the winner! You must use new ideas in each question.

Who?	
What?	
Where?	
When?	
Why?	
How?	

Are	?
Is	?
Have	?
Has	?
Do	?
Does	?

Aren't they?	
Isn't he?	
Don't you?	
Doesn't she?	
Can't we?	
Won't you	

Can	?
Will	?
May	?
Could	?
Did	?

Game

Mirror, mirror, on the wall.

• Within five minutes, write down as many sentences as you can, replacing the words in the boxes with those given below each box. Translate your sentences into your mother tongue and have fun!

	(I am)	watching	(my face)	in	my	mirror.
	We are		our faces		our	
	You are		your face/s		your	
	He is		his face		his	
	She is		her face		her	
	It is		its face		its	
	They are		their faces		their	
her should	get the etc. I					

The teacher should get the students to demonstrate their sentences with the help of mirrors to add to the fun.

The Parts of Speech

Every name is called a noun, As field and fountain, street and town,

In place of noun the pronoun stands, As *he* and *she* can clap their hands.

The adjective describes a thing, As *magic* wand or *bridal* ring.

The verb means action, something done, To *read* and *write*, to *jump* and *run*.

How things are done the adverbs tell, As quickly, slowly, badly, well.

The preposition shows relation, As *in* the street or *at* the station.

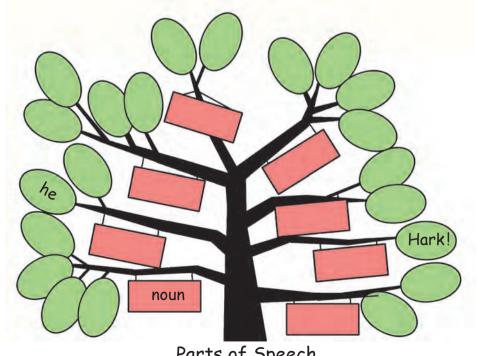
Conjunctions join, in many ways, Sentences, words, or phrase and phrase.

The interjection cries out, "Hark! I need an exclamation mark!

Through poetry, we learn how each of these make up THE PARTS OF SPEECH.

- Author Unknown

The tree figure shows the different parts of speech and their examples given in the poem. Write appropriate labels in the tree figure with the help of the poem.



Parts of Speech