

Part -1



Hello!

This is Rina More. Rina has just taken her 10th Std. Examination and she will visit her father who is currently working in Japan. She is planning to spend her vacation in Japan. Hence, she is taking Japanese Lessons to get acquainted with Japanese script and simple expressions. Let us join her.

Rina learns about Japan and Japanese Language.

Let's know about Japan with her.

がんばりましょう Good Luck!

UNIT 1

GEOGRAPHY



Japan is a country of Islands. It consists 4 major islands and more than 4000 small islands. The names of the 4 major islands are Hokkaidō, Honshū, Shikoku, Kyūshū. The capital of Japan is Tōkyō. It is located on Honshū which is the largest island. Other main cities are Kyōto, ōsaka, Nagoya, Yokohama, Hiroshima, Nagasaki.

The land area of Japan is 377,828 square kilometers. It is 1/9th of India. The present population of Japan is 127 million which is again 1/9th that of India. It stretches from North to South and so has distinct variation in its climate. It is situated to the east of India and is three and half hours ahead of India.

SEASONS

Japan has 4 seasons.

Haru-Spring



Duration:
March to May
Climate:
Warm

Natsu- Summer



Duration:
June to August
Climate:
Hot/ Rain

Aki-Autumn



Duration:
September to
November
Climate: Cool

Fuyu-Winter



Duration:
December to
February
Climate: Cold

PEOPLE AND DRESS

Hakama



Kimono



Hakama and Kimono are traditional Japanese outfits for both men and women. The casual wear is western outfits.



FOOD

The traditional cuisine of Japan is based on rice. Miso soup is a common soup. There is

Osushi



Tempura



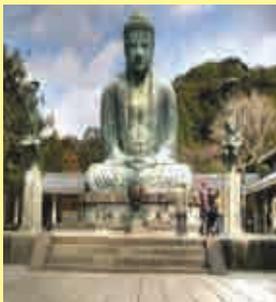
Misoshiru and Rice



an emphasis on seasonal ingredients in meal preparation. Side dishes often consist of fish, pickled vegetables, and vegetables cooked in broth. Seafood is common, often grilled, but also served raw as sashimi or in sushi.

FAMOUS PLACES

Kamakura



Tōkyō



Hiroshima



Kyōto



Japan has 21 World Heritage Sites. Popular foreign attractions include Kamakura, Tōkyō Tower, Golden temple of Kyōto, Piece Museum of Hiroshima.

Now, Rina is going to learn the way of Japanese greeting and some simple greeting expressions. Let's learn with her.

WAY OF GREETING



Japanese way of greeting is to bow down to each other. This bow down is called as **OJIGI** in Japanese Language.

Greeting Expressions

Japanese	English	Japanese	English
Ohyō Gozaimasu-	Good Morning	Arigatō Gozaimasu-	Thank you
Konnichiwa-	Good Afternoon	Dō Itashimashite-	You are welcome
konbawa-	Good Evening	Sayō nara-	Bye Bye
Oyasuminasai-	Good Night	Onegai shimasu -	Please
Sumimasen-	Sorry	Ja mata Ashita-	See you Tomorrow

Special Greeting Expressions



Before eating
Itadakimasu



After eating-
Gochisō Sama Deshita

SHORT SELF INTRODUCTION

Rina will learn and practice short self- introduction. Let's practice with her.

Hajimemashite, **(Your Name)** desu.

Dōzo,yoroshiku onegai shimasu.

Rina introduces herself.

Hajimemashite, **MORE RINA** desu. (Hello,I am More Rina.)

Dōzo,yoroshiku onegai Shimasu. (Nice to meet you)

Now Rina will start learning Japanese language.

Let's join her.

UNIT 1.1

JAPANESE LANGUAGE (NIHONGO) 日本語

The Japanese Language is one of the most widely spoken languages in the world and is the official language of Japan.

Special feature of Japanese Language:

The Japanese language is based on five vowel sounds **a,i,u,e,o**. All spoken sounds are derived from these five vowels. They are used alone or are attached to either a consonant or consonant plus semi vowel. The exception to this is a special Mora [n] which is not followed by vowels. A mora is a unit of sound in Japanese. There are some letters like ga, za, da ,ba , pa which are derived by adding [' tenten] or ['o' maru] to the sounds ka,sa,ta,ha.

There is no T,D,L and Q letter or sound

General features of Japanese:

- Word Order – It is Subject-Object-Verb (SOV) which is similar to Marathi or Hindi word order.
- Predicate – There are three types of predicates in Japanese, noun, verb and adjectives. There are 2 types of adjectives. Adjectives ending with “I “and adjectives ending with “Na”. The Verbs do not get affected by either number or gender.
- Particle – A particle plays an important role in the Japanese language. It is used to show the grammatical relation between subject object and verb. It helps to convey the meaning.

Japanese Language Writing system /Script

writing systems

The writing system of Japanese language is unique. There are 2 types of writing systems Vertical Writing (Tategaki) and Horizontal writing (Yokogaki).

に
ほ
ん
ご
日
本
語

にほんご(日本語) Nihongo

3 scripts

There are three different scripts Hiragana, Katakana and Kanji (Pictographs). Hiragana/Katakana scripts are phonetic scripts derived from Kanji. Kanji is a pictorial script and each kanji is associated with a meaning and sound. Other than these 3 scripts, Romaji Script (Roman Letters) is sometimes used for the convenience of foreigners

Himaraya wa takai yama desu.

ヒマラヤ は たかい 山 です。

ヒマラヤ(Himalaya) : Katakana

たかい(Takai) : Hiragana

山(Yama) : Kanji

Let's start learning hiragana script



Listen to the sounds of Japanese Language.

HIRAGANA CHART

あ a	い i	う u	え e	お o
か ka	き ki	く ku	け ke	こ ko
さ sa	し shi	す su	せ se	そ so
た ta	ち chi	つ tsu	て te	と to
な na	に ni	ぬ nu	ね ne	の no
は ha	ひ hi	ふ fu	へ he	ほ ho
ま ma	み mi	む mu	め me	も mo
や ya		ゆ yu		よ yo
ら ra	り ri	る ru	れ re	ろ ro
わ wa		を wo		ん n

The modern Hiragana syllabary consists of 46 base characters.

- 5 singular vowels
- 40 consonant–vowel unions
- 1 singular consonant

The forms of the Hiragana originate from the cursive script style of Chinese calligraphy. To master Hiragana writing practice is important.

Note for Teacher

- Write the letters on black board.
- Show the stroke order of each letter.
- Practice with flash cards and air writing.

Rules for writing Hiragana

1. Write from top to bottom,
2. Left to right
3. Horizontal before vertical

When you write Japanese characters, pay special attention to:

- Length of each the line
- Small hooks
- How the lines curve
- Angles of lines
- Space between lines

Classroom Instructions

よんで ください。	Please read.
みて ください。	Please see.
きいて ください。	Please listen.
かいて ください。	Please write.
いって ください。	Please say.
もう いちど おねがいします。	Please say once again.
わかりましたか。	Have you understood?
はい、わかりました。	Yes,I have understood.
はじめましょう。	Let's start.
おわりましょう。	Let's finish.
よみましょう。	Let's read.
かきましょう。	Let's write.
ききましょう。	Let's listen.
やすみましょう。	Let's take rest.
きいて くりまえしましょう。	Let's Listen and repeat.

Note for Teacher

- Say the instuction and ask students to follow it with actions.
- Ask sutdents to memeorize it.

Let's start ...

A-line (あーline)4

A	आ	あ							
I	इ	い							
U	उ	う							
E	ए	え							
O	ओ	お							



Let's listen, read and write.

あおい	うえ	いえ	いいえ	え
Aoi	Ue	Ie	Iie	E
Blue	Top/Above	House	No	Picture

KA-Line (かーLine)

KA	का	か							
KI	कि	き							
KU	कु	く							
KE	के	け							
KO	को	こ							



Let's listen, read and write.

あかい	いけ	かお	えき	き
Akai	Ike	Kao	Eki	Ki
Red	Pond	Face	Railway Station	Tree

GA-Line (がーLine)

Voiced sounds are denoted by using [//] which is called TenTen

GA	गा	が								
GI	गि	ぎ								
GU	गु	ぐ								
GE	गे	げ								
GO	गो	ご								



Let's listen, read and write.

えいが	かぎ	えいご	ご	かご
Eiga	Kagi	Eigo	Go	Kago
Movie	Key	English	Five	Basket

EXERCISE 1.1

1. Listen and circle the correct letter .

あ	き	い	お	く	ご	け	え	が	う
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

2. Complete the series.

1. — い — — お
2. か — — け —
3. が ぎ — — —
4. か — く — こ
5. あ — う — お

3. Select the letter and complete the word.

え い か お か ご い け

	れい:いけ	Pond
1	か____	Face
2	あ____い	Red colour
3	あお____	Blue colour
4	____え	House
5	えい____	English
6	____ぎ	Key
7	____いが	Movie

Rina's Fun Reading!

Japanese popular culture



Japanese popular culture includes Japanese cinema, cuisine, television programs, anime, manga and music. They all retain older artistic and literary traditions. There is a large industry of music, films, and the products of a huge comic book industry. Among other forms of entertainment, Game centers, (pachinko) bowling alleys, and karaoke parlors are well-known .

Unit 1.2

SA-Line (さーLine)

SA	सा	さ								
SHI	शि	し								
SU	सु	す								
SE	से	せ								
SO	सो	そ								



Let's listen, read and write.

あさ	かさ	しお	いす	がくせい	すし	うし
Asa	Kasa	Shio	Isu	Gakusei	Sushi	Ushi
Morning	Umbrella	Salt	Chair	Student	Japanese Dish	Cattle

ZA-Line (ざーLine)

ZA	झा	ざ								
Jl	जी	じ								
ZU	झु	ず								
ZE	झे	ぜ								
ZO	झो	ぞ								



Let's listen read and write.

かぜ	かじ	あざ	かず	かぞく
Kaze	Kaji	Aza	Kazu	Kazoku
Wind	Fire	Birth mark	Numbers	Family

EXERCISE 1.2

1. Listen and circle the correct letter.

け	お	さ	げ	せ	じ	あ	し	ぎ
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

2. Match the pairs.

A		B	
	れい:(0)しお	Chair	()
1	いす	Red	()
2	かさ	Family	()
3	あざ	Numbers	()
4	かぞく	Umbrella	()
5	かず	Birth mark	()
6	あかい	Salt	(0)

3. Complete the series.

1. か — く — —
2. — し — — そ
3. — い — え —
4. ざ — ず — ぞ
5. か — く — こ

4. Select the letter and complete the word.

お	か	し	お	か	す	か	ず
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

	れい:し <u>お</u>	Salt
1	— <u>じ</u>	Fire
2	— <u>さ</u>	Umbrella
3	う—	Cattle
4	い—	Chair
5	か—	Number
6	— <u>ぜ</u>	Wind
7	— <u>さ</u>	Morning

5. Practice short self-introduction as follows.

Hajimemashite. (your name) desu.

Dōzo, Yoroshiku onegai shimasu.

Unit 1.3

TA-Line (た-Line)

TA	た	た								
CHI	ち	ち								
TSU	つ	つ								
TE	て	て								
TO	と	と								



Let's listen read and write.

とけい	きた	ちず	つくえ	おとこ	ちかてつ
Tokei	Kita	Chizu	Tsukue	Otoko	Chikatetsu
Clock	North	Map	Bench/Table	Man	Subway

DA-Line (だ-Line)

DA	だ	だ							
JI	ぢ	ぢ							
ZU	づ	づ							
DE	で	で							
DO	ど	ど							

Note : The letters **ぢ (ji)** and **づ (zu)** are very rarely used.



Let's listen read and write.

えだ	でぐち	だいがく	どこ	うで	うでどけい
Eda	Deguchi	Daigaku	Doko	Ude	Udedokei
Branch	Exit	University / college	Where	Arm	Wrist Watch

EXERCISE 1.3

1. Listen and write in Rōmaji.

れい Akai

1. -----

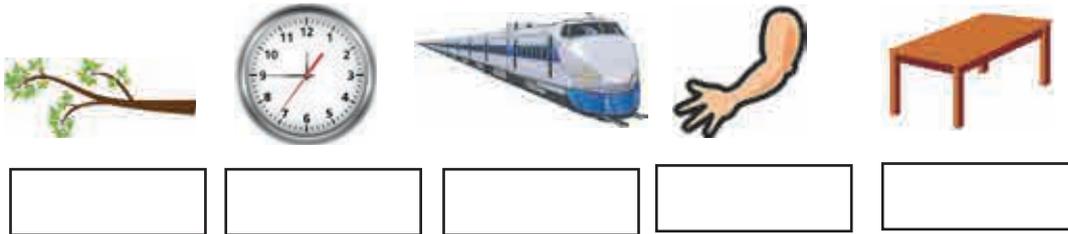
2. -----

3. ----- 4. -----
 5. ----- 6. -----
 7. ----- 8. -----

2. Write reading and meaning of the word written in Hiragana.

Word	Reading	Meaning	Word	Reading	Meaning
れい： あかい	Akai	Red			
えいが			あさ		
だいがく			いけ		
ちず			いいえ		
おとこ			あおい		

3. See the picture and write the name.



4. Complete the series.

1. さ — す — —
2. — ち — て —
3. あ — う — —
4. が — ぐ — ご
5. だ — ず — ど

5. Select the letter and complete the word.

だ ち え で お と で た

れい：	ちず	Map
1	___ ところ	Man
2	___ けい	Clock
3	___ う ___	Arm
4	___ ぐち	Exit
5	え ___	Branch
6	き ___	North
7	つく ___	Table

Information Corner 1

1. Japanese Numbers

10 = Jū 20 = Ni Jū 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100 = Hyaku

Logic of Numbers

$10 + 1 = 11$

$20 + 1 = 21$

$30 + 1 = 31$

$Jū + Ichi = Jū Ichi$

$Ni Jū + Ichi = Ni Jū Ichi$

$Sanjū + Ichi = San Jū Ichi$

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Ichi	Ni	San	Yon/shi	Go	Roku	Shichi/ Nana	Hachi	Kyū/ Ku	Jū

Note for Teacher

- Make students practice numbers up to 100.
- Use flash cards of numbers for practice.

2. Japanese Song

Japanese Songs are short and simple.

We can learn words and remember them easily through a song.



Kaeru no uta ga	The frogs song
kikoete kuru yo	We can hear it.
gwa gwa gwa gwa	Croak, croak, croak, croak,
gero gero gero gero	ribbit ribbit ribbit ribbit,
gwa gwa gwa	Croak, croak, croak



Learning Japanese is fun. Isn't it? Let's have test. Q.R. Code **Test 1**

 **Self-check:**

If Test 1 Score is more than 80% go ahead. If not learn again.



Achievement Check

I can

- Recognize the Hiragana
- Write the Hiragana
- Read the words
- Say the numbers
- Sing a Japanese song

Rina has finished her Unit 1. She is very happy. She says やった！ Yeah!



Unit 2

NA-Line (な-Line)

NA	な	な								
NI	に	に								
NU	ぬ	ぬ								
NE	ね	ね								
NO	の	の								



Let's listen, read and write.

さかな	かね	いぬ	あね	いのしし	あに
Sakana	Kane	Inu	Ane	Inoshishi	Ani
Fish	Money	Dog	Elder Sister	Wild boar	Elder Brother

EXERCISE 2

1. Listen and circle the correct letter.

の	だ	ね	ち	ぬ	じ	け	あ	す	お
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

2. Listen and circle the correct word.

かぎ	ちず	あおい	いぬ	とけい
いいえ	かね	いえ	あに	かぞく

3. Complete the series.

1. だ — づ — —
2. な — — — の
3. さ — — — —
4. か — く — —
5. ぎ — ず — —

4. Match the pairs.

A		B	
	れい： (0) Elder sister	かじ	()
1	Fish	かじ	()
2	Money	あね	(0)
3	North	かぜ	()
4	Wind	さかな	()
5	Fire	かね	()
6	Exit	きた	()

5. Select the letter and complete the word.

け	う	に	ね	ぬ	え	か	さ
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

れい. :いぬ		Dog
1	— かな	Fish
2	う —	Top
3	あ —	Elder Brother
4	— ね	Money
5	と — い	Clock
6	あ —	Elder Sister
7	— し	Cattle



Unit 2.1

HA-Line (は-Line) This sound is special By adding // and ○ we can derive 2 sounds Ba and Pa.

HA	ハ	は								
HI	ヒ	ひ								
HU	フ	ふ								
HE	ヘ	へ								
HO	ホ	ほ								



Let's listen read and write.

はこ	はし	ひがし	ふね	ほし	はは	ふく
Hako	Hashi	Higashi	Funne	Hoshi	Haha	Fuku
Box	Chopsticks	East	Ship/Boat	Star	My Mother	Clothes

BA-Line (ば-Line)

BA	バ	ば								
BI	ビ	び								
BU	ブ	ぶ								
BE	ベ	べ								
BO	ボ	ぼ								



Let's listen read and write.

たばこ	かべ	はなび	そば	へび
Tabako	Kabe	Hanabi	Soba	Hebi
Cigarettes	Wall	Firework	My Grandmother	Snake

PA-Line (ぱーLine)

pa sound is denoted by using [○] which is called as Maru.

PA	पा	ぱ								
PI	पी	び								
PU	पु	ぶ								
PE	पे	べ								
PO	पो	ぼ								



Let's listen read and write.

ぱたぱた	ぴかぴか	ふちふち	ぺこぺこ	ぽつぽつ
Patapata	Pikapika	Puchipuchi	Pekopeko	Potsupotsu
Patter	Sparkling	Sound of bubbles or grain	Be very hungry	Sound of rain Drop

EXERCISE 2.1

1. Listen and circle the correct letter.

ぱ	ぎ	ひ	べ	つ	な	ほ	は	ぶ	た
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

2. Listen and circle the correct word.

さかな	ぺこぺこ	とけい	いち	ひがし
はなび	たばこ	いぬ	ふね	ほし

3. Match the pairs.

	A	B	
れい:	(0) Box	ふく	()
1	Wall	たばこ	()
2	Clothes	かべ	()
3	Cigarette	あに	()
4	Money	はこ	(0)
5	Elder Brother	かね	()

Unit 2.2

MA-Line (ま-Line)

MA	マ	ま								
MI	ミ	み								
MU	ム	む								
ME	メ	め								
MO	モ	も								



Let's listen read and write.

おすこ	おすめ	みず	もしもし	みみ	め
Musuko	Musume	Mizu	Moshimoshi	Mimi	Me
Son	Daughter	Water	Hello(on phone)	Ears	Eyes

EXERCISE 2.2

1. Listen and circle correct letter.

も	ね	じ	め	ぱ	み	な	ち	た	ぬ
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

2. Listen and circle correct word.

かべ	たばこ	おすこ	ちかてつ	つくえ
あに	あめ	ぽつぽつ	みみ	へび

3. Complete the series.

1. さ — す — —
2. ば — ぶ — —
3. た — つ — —
4. — み — め —
5. な — ぬ — —

4. Read aloud the numbers in the series. 11 to 20 20 to 30

5. Write the name of the picture in the hiragana.

6. Select the letter and complete the word.

ず	く	み	だ	か	ぼ	む	み
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

れい : みみ	Ears
1. ____べ	Wall
2. ふ____	Clothes
3. ____ず	Water
4. ____すこ	Son
5. そ____	Grand mother
6. か____	Numbers
7. え____	Branch

Unit 2.3

YA-Line (やーLine)

YA	या	や								
YU	यु	ゆ								
YO	ओ	よ								



Let's listen read and write.

やま	ゆき	ゆめ	よじ	やね	やさい
Yama	Yuki	Yume	Yoji	Yane	Yasai
Mountain	Snow	Dream	Four O'clock	Roof	Vegetables

EXERCISE 2.3

1. Listen and circle the correct letter.

め	ま	ぬ	ゆ	き	お	し	や	さ	ふ
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

2. Listen and circle the correct Word

さかな	かさ	ふね	やま	やさい	そば
ゆき	あさ	ともだち	たばこ		

3. Listen and repeat the expression.

- | | | |
|----------------|------------------------|-------------|
| 1. Itadakimasu | 2. Gochisōsama deshita | 3. Sayōnara |
| 4. Sumimasen | 5. Mata ashita | |

4. Complete the series.

1. な ——— ぬ ——— の
2. ——— ゆ ———
3. ま ——— む ——— ———
4. た ——— つ ——— と
5. ぱ ——— ぷ ——— ぽ

5. Match the pairs.

A		B	
	れい： (0) Eye	うで	()
1	Arm	みみ	()
2	Japanese dish	すし	()
3	Ear	あさ	()
4	Face	め	(0)
5	Morning	かお	()

6. Select the letter and complete the word.

ゆ ぞ ま べ や つ べ や あ

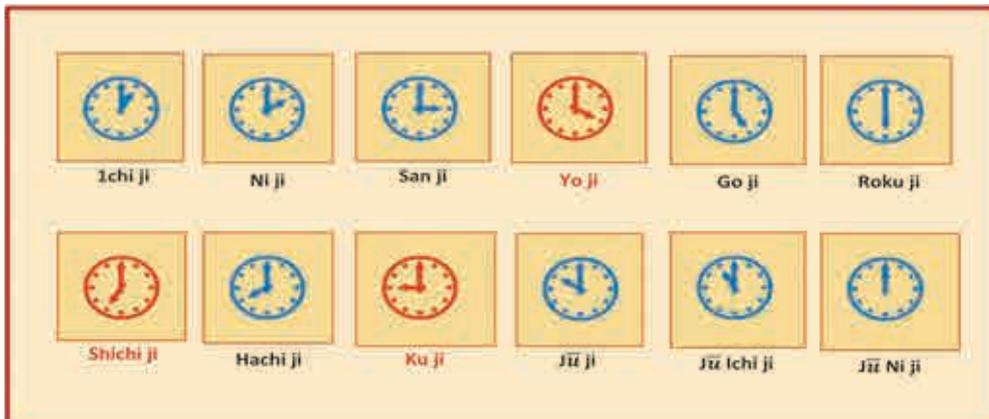
	れい： <u>や</u> ね	Roof
1	—き	Snow
2	か—く	Family
3	や—	Mountain
4	—さい	Vegetables
5	あ—	Elder Sister
6	—め	Dream
7	—こ—こ	Very Hungry

Information Corner 2

1) TIME

1. Japanese people are punctual.
2. They reach at least 10 minutes early to appointment time.
3. They value others' time also.
4. Being late, not following time is considered as rude and impolite. You may lose **TRUST** among Japanese people.

Let's learn how to say time in Japanese language.



Ima nan ji desu ka?

Suffix for time is **Ji=O'clock**

What time is it now?

Pay special attention to the reading of **4:00, 7:00, 9:00**

2) CALENDAR



Days of the week: **YŌBI** is the suffix for day

Getsuyōbi	Monday
Kayōbi	Tuesday
Suiyōbi	Wednesday
Mokuyōbi	Thursday
Kinyōbi	Friday
Doyōbi	Saturday
Nichiyōbi	Sunday

Months: ~Gatsu is the suffix for the months

Pay special attention to ****April, July, September**

January	February	March	**April
Ichi Gatsu	Ni Gatsu	San Gatsu	Shi Gatsu
May	June	**July	Aug
Go Gatsu	Roku Gatsu	Shichi Gatsu	Hachi Gatsu
**Septemebr	October	November	December
Kū Gatsu	JūGatsu	Jūichi Gatsu	Jūni Gatsu

3) FESTIVALS AND EVENTS

Hanami -Flower Viewing-Cherry



Tanabata(Star Festival) (in July)



Hinamatsuri (Doll Festival) (in March)



Hanabi- (Fire work)



Note for Teacher

- Use calendar and introduce months and days of week.
- Make students practice and memorize the words.

Learning Japanese is fun. Isn't it? Let's have test. Q.R. Code Test 2

Self-check:

If Test 2 Score is more than 80% go ahead. If not learn again.



Achievement Check Unit

- I can
 - Write and read Aa series to Ya series
 - Say numbers from 1 to 100
 - Say days and months
 - Ask and tell time
 - Use expressions correctly

Along with Rina we have completed Unit 2. Rina studied time and calendar also. Now let's move on to Unit 3.



Unit 3

RA-Line (ら-Line)

RA	रा	ら								
RI	री	り								
RU	रु	る								
RE	रे	れ								
RO	रो	ろ								



Let's listen read and write.

つる	そら	ろく	さる	かえる	ろば
Tsuru	Sora	Roku	Saru	Kaeru	Roba
Crane	Sky	Six	Monkey	Frog	Donkey

EXERCISE 3

1. Listen and circle the correct letter.

ね	へ	も	る	い	ら	ぴ	め	れ	こ
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

2. Listen and circle the correct word.

あめ	ゆめ	やま	みみ	ろく
ゆき	いけ	かじ	さる	そら

3. Listen and repeat.

1じ	2じ	3じ	4じ	5じ	6じ
7じ	8じ	9じ	10じ	11じ	12じ

4. Match the pairs.

A		B	
れい :	(0) あね	Sky	()
1	さる	Crane	()
2	つる	Star	()
3	そら	Elder sister	(0)
4	ほし	Money	()
5	かね	Cigarettes	()
6	たばこ	Monkey	()

5. Select the correct meaning of the word and draw the circle.

れい : おすこ :	Daughter	<u>Son</u>	Child
1. みず :	Tree	Water	Ear
2. やさい :	Mountain	Roof	Vegetables
3. ぺこぺこ :	Snake	Be Very Hungry	Sparkling
4. えいが :	Movie	English Language	Branch
5. しお :	Salt	Face	Blue

6. Complete the series.

1. ま ——— む ———
2. ら ——— る ——— ろ
3. は ——— ふ ———
4. か ——— く ———
5. さ ——— ——— せ ———

7. Select the letter and complete the word.

く む ね ろ り く ら え

れい : さ <u>る</u>		Monkey
1	—く	Six
2	そ—	Sky
3	い—	House
4	つ—	Crane
5	つく—	Table
6	—ば	Donkey
7	か—	Money



Unit 3.1

WA-Line (わーLine)

WA	वा	わ								
WO	वो	を								
UN UM	नं, अं	ん								



Let's listen read and write.

わたし	かわ	わに	かいわ	にわ
Watashi	Kawa	Wani	Kaiwa	Niwa
I	River	Crocodile	Conversation	Garden

Special Sound ん

Special Sound ん

• [ん] Never appears at the beginning of the word. It contains 1 mora. Pronunciation of ん changes according to the sound that comes after it.

1. It is pronounced [N] if the sounds of Ta, Da, Ra, Na rows follows after ん

e.g. はんたい、うんどう

2. It is pronounced [Um] if the sounds of Pa, Ba, Ma rows follows after ん

e.g. しんぶん、えんぴつ

3. It is pronounced [n] if the sound Ka and Ga rows follows after ん

e.g. てんき、けんがく



Let's listen read and write.

えんぴつ	せんせい	でんわ	しんかんせん	みかん
Empitsu	Sensei	Denwa	Shinkansen	Mikan
Pencil	Teacher	Telephone	Bullet train	Orange

EXERCISE 3.1

1. Listen and circle the correct letter.

め	ね	わ	た	な	す	つ	ん	ま	ほ	は	れ
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

2. Listen and draw the circle to the correct word.

ちかてつ	えんぴつ	でんわ	もしもし	ろば
ろく	しんかんせん	いす	せんせい	みかん
				にわ

3. Read aloud the numbers. 21 to 50

4. Read/Write in hiragana.

れい : wani	1. Kawa	2. Denwa	3. Mikan
わに			
4. sensei	5. empitsu	6. shinnkansen	7. watshi
8. gakusei	9. sushi	10. tsukue	11. yon

5. Complete the series.

- ま — — — も
- わ × × × —
- ら — る — —
- や × ゆ × —
- な — ぬ — —

6. Select the letter and complete the word.

ゆ	ろ	わ	ん	わ	ん	わ	ん
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

	れい : かえ <u>る</u>	Frog
1	—に	Crocodile
2	でん—	Telephone
3	か—	River
4	—わ	Garden
5	みか—	Orange
6	—め	Dream
7	え—ぴつ	Pencil

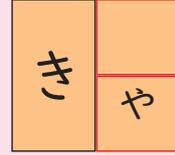
Unit 3.2

ようおん (Yōon) Contracted words and twisted sounds.

**Ya, Yu, Yo is attached to the “i” sound in each series except a,i,u,e,o

Writing style of Small Ya, Yu, Yo:

Ya, Yu, Yo is written in the half length of the normal size



き+や

Kya	क्या	きや									
Kyu	क्यु	きゆ									
Kyo	क्यो	きよ									

ぎ+や

Gya	ग्या	ぎや									
Gyu	ग्यु	ぎゆ									
Gyo	ग्यो	ぎよ									

し+や

Shya	श्या	しや									
Shyu	श्यु	しゆ									
Shyo	श्यो	しよ									

じ+や

Jya	ज्या	じや									
Jyu	ज्यु	じゆ									
Jyo	ज्यो	じよ									

ち+や

Cha	च्या	ちや									
Chu	च्यु	ちゆ									
Cho	च्यो	ちよ									

に+や

Nya	न्या	にや								
Nyu	न्यु	にゆ								
Nyo	न्यो	によ								

ひ+や

Hya	ह्या	ひや								
Hyu	ह्यु	ひゆ								
Hyo	ह्यो	ひよ								

び+や

Bya	ब्या	びや								
Byu	ब्यु	びゆ								
Byo	ब्यो	びよ								

ぴ+や

Pya	प्या	ぴや								
Pyu	प्यु	ぴゆ								
Pyo	प्यो	ぴよ								

み+や

Mya	म्या	みや								
Myu	म्यु	みゆ								
Myo	म्यो	みよ								

り+や

Rya	-या	りや								
Ryu	-यु	りゆ								
Ryo	-यो	りよ								



Let's listen read and write.

かいしゃ	きゃく	としょかん	いしゃ	でんしゃ
Kaisha	Kyaku	Toshokan	Isha	Densha
Company	Guest	Library	Doctor	Train

Note for Teacher

- Use pictures to introduce new words, vocabulary.
- Make them write letters on board and check the stroke order.

EXERCISE 3.2

1. Listen and circle the correct letter.

きゃ ら しょ わ きゅ じゅ じゃ そ しゅ きょ

2. Listen and circle the correct word.

しんかんせん わに がくせい えいご あね
にほん えいが でんわ たばこ やま

3. Read aloud the following words.

えんぴつ なん おんな さん にほん よん
にほんご にほんじん にんじん しんぶん

4. Match the pairs.

	れい (O) mya	きよ ()	6	rya	ちよ ()
1	kyo	みゃ (O)	7	kyu	きゅ ()
2	sha	ぴゃ ()	8	cho	ひよ ()
3	hyo	しょ ()	9	Jya	りゃ ()
4	pya	じゃ ()	10	kya	しゃ ()
5	sho	きゃ ()			

5. Read and write in Rōmaji.

れい：かいしゃ	①としょかん	②でんしゃ	③きやく
Kaisha			
④おちゃ	⑤しょくじ	⑥いしゃ	⑦しゃいん

6. Complete the series.

1. きゃ — —
2. — にゆ —
3. — — ちよ
4. — みゆ —
5. りゃ — —
6. — — しょ

7. Select the letter and complete the word.

しゃ	しょ	しゃ	きゃ	しゃ
----	----	----	----	----

れい：かい <u>し</u> ゃ	Compan
1 —く	Guest
2 と—かん	Library
3 い—	Doctor
4 でん—	Train





Let's think.

Double consonant information



The double consonant is small [tsu] which is written in half the length of the normal size letter.

Whenever double consonants occur (i.e. pp,tt,kk) the first of the pair is always written with a half size [tsu] which look like. 「っ」 vs 「つ」

e.g. がっこう、につぼん、ざっし、きって (Gakkō,zasshi,kitte)

If you do not write the small 「っ」, then it can change the meaning of the word.

e.g. おと (Sound) おっと (Husband)

Note for Teacher

Make the students read aloud and practice the prolongation words and double consonant words.



Let's Listen,Read and write.

れい:きっさてん	Coffee shop	き	っ	さ	て	ん	
がっこう	School						
ざっし	Magazine						
きって	Stamps						
きっぷ	Ticket						
ろっぴゃく	Six hundred						
はっぴゃく	Eight hundred						
ほっかいどう	Hokkaidō Island						
はっさい	Eight years old						

EXERCISE 3.3

1. Listen and circle the correct letter.

しよ きゃ りよ じゃ しよ みゃ ぴゃ びゃ びゅ きよ

2. Listen and circle the correct word.

かいしゃ きって びょういん とうきょう ほっかいどう
 きょうしつ せんせい ざっし おおさか ぎゅうにゅう

3. Listen and repeat aloud.

1. ざっし きっぷ きって らっぱ につぼん
2. とうきょう きょうと がっこう おじいさん
3. びょういん おおさか きょうかしよ
4. しゅくだい りょうり ぎゅうにゅう
5. おおさか きょうかしよ おかあさん

4. Circle the correct word.

れい: kyōshitsu きょうしつ きよしつ きゅうしつ
 Kaisha かいしゃ がいしゃ かいしゅ
 Toshikan としうかん としよかん とじよかん
 Hyakū はやっく ひやく ひやく
 Shokudō しよくどう しゃくどう しくどう
 Kaisha かいしゃ かいしゅ かいじゃ

5. Complete the word.

れい: おか <u>あ</u> さん	Your mother	6	き — て	Stamp	
1	りよ — り	Cook	7	が — こう	School
2	ぎゅ — にゅ	Milk	8	に — ぼん	Japan
3	しよ — かい	Introduce	9	き — ぷ	Ticket
4	びよ — いん	Hospital	10	ざ — し	Magazine
5	きよ — しつ	Class room			

Information Corner 3

Telephonic expressions



- Japanese people say “moshi moshi” as Hello.
- It is better to avoid phone calls after 10:30 pm.
- When you make a call say your name first.

Emergency numbers of Japan:

110	Police	177	Weather Forecast
119	Fire and ambulance	104	Telephone number
117	For time		Enquiry

Expression/Word

Telephone Number

What is your telephone number?

Japanese Expression/word

Denwa Bango

Oenwa Bango wa?

Form pairs and practice short dialogue 1 and 2 using your name and telephone number.

Short Dialogue 1

Rina: Hajimemashite! Rina desu.

Dōzo Yoroshiku onegaishimasu

Yukiko: Hajimemashite! Yukiko desu.

Dōzo Yoroshiku onegai shimasu.

Short Dialogue 2

Yukiko: Sumimasen, Rina san,
odenwa Bangō wa?

Rina: 98-87-344-450 desu.

Yukiko: 98-87-344-450 desu ne.

Rina: Hai.

Yukiko: Dōmo arigatō gozaimasu

Learning Japanese is fun. Isn't it? Let's have test. Q.R. Code **Test 3**

Self-check:

If Test 3 Score is more than 80% go ahead. If not learn again.



ACHIEVEMENT CHECK

I can

- Write complete hiragana script
- Read complete hiragana script
- Ask and tell telephone number
- Read and write words in hiragana
- Introduce myself with confidence
- (think yourself and write)

Rina has completed HIRAGANA script. Now she will start studying katakana.
Let's learn **KATAKANA!**

Unit 4

Let's start KATAKANA

Katakana Chart

Katakana is a Japanese syllabary, one component of the Japanese writing system along with hiragana, kanji, and in some cases the Latin script (known as rōmaji).

ア आ a	イ इ i	ウ उ u	エ ए e	オ ओ o
カ का ka	キ कि ki	ク कु ku	ケ के ke	コ को ko
サ सा sa	シ शि shi	ス सु su	セ से se	ソ सो so
タ ता ta	チ चि chi	ツ तु tsu	テ ते te	ト तो to
ナ ना na	ニ नि ni	ヌ नु nu	ネ ने ne	ノ नो no
ハ हा ha	ヒ हि hi	フ फु fu	ヘ हे he	ホ हो ho
マ मा ma	ミ मी mi	ム मु mu	メ मे me	モ मो mo
ヤ या ya		ユ यु yu		ヨ यो yo
ラ रा ra	リ री ri	ル रु ru	レ रे re	ロ रो ro
ワ वा wa		ヲ ओ wo		ン n

- The word Katakana means “fragmentary kana”, as the Katakana script is derived from components or fragments of more complex kanji.
- Katakana Script is most often used for transcription of words from foreign languages. For example, “television” is written テレビ (terebi). Similarly, Katakana script is usually used for country names, foreign places, and foreign personal names. For example, the United States is usually referred to as アメリカ America.
- Katakana script is also used for onomatopoeia, words used to represent sounds. For example, トントン (Tonton), sound of door knocking, ワンワン (Wanwan), dog barking.
- Technical and scientific terms, such as the names of animals and plant species and minerals are also commonly written in Katakana script.

※The writing rules are same as of Hiragana.

Note for Teacher

Encourage students to learn Katakana script.

Use flash cards of some common things and country names. e.g. shirt, America.

Unit 4.1

アー Line

あ	ア								
い	イ								
う	ウ								
え	エ								
お	オ								

カー Line

か	カ								
き	キ								
く	ク								
け	ケ								
こ	コ								

ガー Line

が	ガ								
ぎ	ギ								
ぐ	グ								
げ	ゲ								
ご	ゴ								

EXERCISE 4.1

1. Listen and select the correct word.

そら ろっぴやく しんぶん ひやく つくえ おとこ おんな
わたし びょういん としよかん きょうしつ かいしゃ

2. Read and circle かたかな letter.

1. あかい 2. いいエ 3. アおい 4. かオ 5. えいが

3. Listen and repeat aloud.

4. Match hiragana to katakana letter.

	れい:(O).あ	イ	()
1	か	エ	()
2	え	オ	()
3	け	ア	(0)
4	う	グ	()
5	こ	ケ	()
6	ぎ	コ	()
7	い	ギ	()
8	お	ウ	()
9	ぐ	カ	()

5. Fun Reading.

カアカア オエオ イイエ ゴゴア アア ケケ アケケエ



Unit 4.2

サーLine

さ	サ								
し	シ								
す	ス								
せ	セ								
そ	ソ								

ザーLine

ざ	ザ								
じ	ジ								
ず	ズ								
ぜ	ゼ								
ぞ	ゾ								

ターLine

た	タ								
ち	チ								
つ	ツ								
て	テ								
と	ト								

ダーLine

だ	ダ								
ぢ	ヂ								
づ	ヅ								
で	デ								
ど	ド								

スイス	ドア	ゴア	タイ	テキスト	テスト
Suisu	Doa	Goa	Tai	Tekisuto	Tesuto
Switzerland	Door	Goa-Place	Thailand	Textbook	Test

EXERCISE 4.2

1. Listen and circle the correct word. (ひらがな practice)

きって	えんぴつ	え	かわ	みみ	め
きょうかしよ	みず	しょうかい	でんわ		
しんかんせん	ちず	き	おおさか		

2. Listen and circle the correct number.

20	31	43	12	17	29	9
	13	26	15	60		

3. Write the following hiragana words in Katakana.

れい:ちず	き	いけ	かぎ
チズ			
かお	いす	すし	じ
すいす	ごあ	どあ	-

4. Match Katakana word to Hiragana word.

れい: カー (0)	Thailand	()
1. テスト	Text	()
2. テキスト	Goa	()
3. ゴア	Test	()
4. タイ	Car	(0)

5. Circle katakana letter in each row.

1. た イ し ス カ ぐ す
2. ち ツ お ア サ シ え
3. だ デ イ ゾ ト

Unit 4.3

ナーLine

な	ナ								
に	ニ								
ぬ	ヌ								
ね	ネ								
の	ノ								

ハーLine

は	ハ								
ひ	ヒ								
ふ	フ								
へ	ヘ								
ほ	ホ								

バーLine

ば	バ								
び	ビ								
ぶ	ブ								
べ	ベ								
ぼ	ボ								

パーLine

ぱ	パ								
ぴ	ピ								
ぷ	プ								
ぺ	ペ								
ぽ	ポ								

マーLine

ま	マ								
み	ミ								
む	ム								
め	メ								
も	モ								



Let's listen read and write.

バナナ	カナダ	バイク	アニメ	マスク	テスト
Banana	Kanada	Baiku	Anime	Masuku	Tesuto
Banana	Canada	Bike	Animation	Mask	Test

ヤーLine

や	ヤ								
い	イ								
ゆ	ユ								
え	エ								
よ	ヨ								

ラーLine

ら	ラ								
り	リ								
る	ル								
れ	レ								
ろ	ロ								

ワーLine

わ	ワ								
を	ヲ								
ん	ン								



Let's listen read and write.

ペン	ペンシル	ピンク	インド	ムンバイ	ロンドン	パン
Pen	Penshiru	Pinku	Indo	Mumbai	Rondon	Pan
Pen	Pencil	Pink	India	Mumbai	London	Bread

EXERCISE 4.3

1. Listen and repeat.

テキスト	テスト	スイス	カナダ
バナナ	アニメ	バイク	マスク

2. Listen and draw circle to the correct word.

ひゃく	さる	きっぷ	さかな	ともだち	いち
おんな	よん	はち	ちかてつ	あね	かいしゃ
きょうと					

3. Write the name of the following pictures in Katakana.



--	--	--	--	--

4. Guess the Katakana word and write the meaning.

Word	Katakana word	Meaning
れい: (O) Kanada	アイス ()	Ice
Hausu	マウス ()	Mouse
Mausu	アスク ()	Ask
Aisu	タスク ()	Task
Tasuku	ハウス ()	House
Asuku	カナダ (O)	Canada

Unit 4.4

Let's learn Katakana formation general rules.

1. The katakana letters in the table below are used to write sounds which are **not original**. Japanese Language sounds but are needed for use **in loan words**.

	ウイ Wi		ウエ We	ウオ Wo
ツァ Tsa			ツェ Tse	ツォ Tso
	テイ Ti		チェ Che	トゥ Tu
	ディ Di	デュ Du デュ Dyu		ドゥ Do
ファ Fa	フィ Fi		フェ Fe	フォ Fo
			シェ She	
			ジェ Je	

2. The formation of Katakana word is based on pronunciation and spelling of any foreign language loan word.

3. Word formation rules:

- a) Words ending with T and D change in O sound. i.e. To and Do
 e.g. Hint – Hinto – ヒント
 e.g. Sand – Sando – サンド
- b) Word with L are replaced by Ra line.
 e.g. Last – Rasuto – ラスト List – Risuto – リスト
 e.g. Risk – Risuku – リスク
- c) Word ending with C, B, F, G, K, M, P, S, L turn into U sound.
 e.g. Tennis – Tenisu – テニス Mask – Masuku – マスク
 Golf – Gorufu – ゴルフ Ham – Hamu – ハム
- d) Words with spelling –x, –tch, –dge, –shion, ion are replaced by small Tsu.
 e.g. Box – bokkusu – ボックス Switch – Suicchi – スイッチ
 e.g. Fashion – fasshon – ファッション
- e) Words with spelling –ss, –pp, –ff, are replaced by small Tsu.
 e.g. apple – appuru – アップル Slipper – surippa – スリッパ
- f) Words with spelling –at, –ap, –et, –ip, –op, –og, –ic, –ot-ck are replaced by small Tsu.

e.g. Mat ▪ Matto- マット Slipper - surippa- スリッパ Back-Bakku-バック
 g) Words with spelling -oo---, --ea--, --ou--, --ui-- are replaced by small Tsu.
 e.g. book ▪ Bukku- ブック Touch Tacchi- タッチ

4. Words containing the combination of vowel+consonant or vowel+vowel then in that case it is replaced by [-]

- | | | |
|-------------------|----------------|-----------|
| a) Car - | Kaa | カー |
| b) Speed - | Supiido | スピード |
| c) Ball - | Booru | ボール |
| d) Party- | Paatii | パーティー |
| e) News- | Nyuusu | ニュース |
| f) Presentation - | Purezenteshoon | プレゼンテーション |
| g) Culture- | Karuchaa - | カルチャー |
| h) Show- | Shoo - | ショー |

5. Word ending with -ss is not doubled

e.g. dress- doresu- ドレス Chess-chesu- チェス Class-Kurasu-クラス

EXERCISE 4.4

1. Listen and repeat.

パン	ペン	アイス	スイス	インド	ロンドン
インドネシア	バイク	レストラン	ムンバイ	アニメ	

2. Listen and circle the Katakana letter.

あ	け	し	つ	ん	ま	め	ね	そ	く
ぱ	び	ぽ	ほ	の	も	さ	た	ち	に

4. Complete the series.

1. ア — — エ —
2. — 千 — — ト
3. — — ヌ ネ —
4. マ — ム — —
5. ラ — — レ —

3. Match Hiragana word to Katakana word.

ひらがなword	かたかなword	
れい:(O)れすとらん	ムンバイ	()
いんど	ロンドン	()
ぺんしる	ライス	()
ろんどん	パオーバジ	()
らいす	インド	()
ぱおーばじ	レストラン	(O)
むんばい	ペンシル	()

5. Select the letter and complete the word.

パ	ス	カ	ス	ペ	バ	ク	ド	ク	ン
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

	れい:インド	れい:india
1	テ — ト	Test
2	— ナダ	Canada
3	マ — ク	Mask
4	— ン	Bread
5	バ — ナ	Banana
6	ピ — ク	Pink
7	— イク	Bike
8	スイ —	Switzerland
9	ロ — ドン	London
10	— ン	Pen

1. Mount Fuji

- Mount Fuji is the tallest mountain in Japan.
- The Height of the mountain is 3776 ft.
- Situated between Shizuoka and Yamanashi Prefecture



2. Origami

Origami (Ori means “folding”, and kami means “paper” (kami changes to gami) is the art of paper folding, which is often associated with Japanese culture.

In Japan, the crane is a mystical creature and is believed to live for thousand years. As a result, in the Japanese culture, the crane represents good fortune and longevity. The Japanese refer to the crane as the “Bird of happiness”.



Learning Japanese is fun. Isn't it? Let's have test. Q.R. Code **Test 4**

 **Self-check:**
If Test 4 Score is more than 80% go ahead. If not learn again.



ACHIEVEMENT CHECK

- I can
 - Read and identify hiragana script
 - Read and write words in hiragana
 - Read and identify Katakana
 - Read and write words in katakana
 - Form katakana words using general rules.
 - (think yourself and write)



Unit 5



Wow! Rina has finished her learning of HIRAGANA SCRIPT and KATAKANA SCRIPT! Now she will know about the KANJI (Chinese character) .Let's learn KANJI with her!

What is ^{かんじ} 漢字 (Kanji) ?

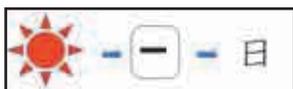
Kanji (漢字), one of the three scripts used in the Japanese language, are based on Chinese characters, which were first introduced to Japan in the 5th century via Korea. The Japanese language had no written form at the time Chinese characters were introduced.

Kanjis are used alongside the Japanese syllabic scripts hiragana and katakana.

- Kanjis are pictographs, ideographs and compound and phonetic ideographic characters
- Each Kanji has a meaning.
- Number of standard kanjis are 2136.

Kanjis derived from nature 1

sun



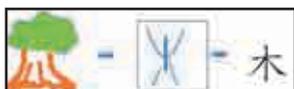
moon



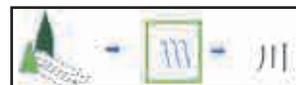
mountain



tree

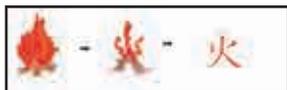


river

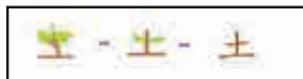


Kanjis derived from nature 2

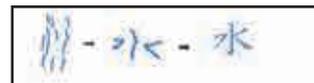
Fire



Land



Water



Money



Person



Kanjis derived from numbers

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Ichi	Ni	San	Yon/ Shi	Go	Roku	Shichi/ Nana	Hachi	Kyū/Ku	Jū
一	二	三	四	五	六	七	八	九	十

Ten	Hundred	Thousand	Ten Thousand	Japanese cur- rency
10	100	1000	10000	¥
Jū	Hyaku	Sen	Man	Yen
十	百	千	万	円

EXERCISE 5.1

Word	Kanji
れい : (O) : Sun	月 ()
1) Tree	川 ()
2) River	山 ()
3) Mountain	木 ()
4) Moon	日 (O)

1) Money	土 ()
2) Land	水 ()
3) Four	火 ()
4) Water	四 ()
5) Fire	金 ()

EXERCISE 5.2

Number	Kanji
1) Ten	千
2) yen	万
3) Hundred	円
4) Thousand	百
5) Ten Thousand	十

Information corner 5

1.Sports



Baseball (YAKYŪ) is a National game and the traditional games are sumō, jūdō and kendō



Sumō



Jūdō



Kendō

2.Currency /art & culture

Currency and coins (Tsūka)



Tsuru



Origami



Ikebana



3.Transport

The Shinkansen, or “bullet trains”, as they are often known, are the high-speed rail trains that run across Japan.

In Japan, railways are a major means of passenger transport, especially for mass and high-speed transport between major cities and for commuter transport in metropolitan areas. Major cities Fukuoka, Kōbe, Kyōto, Nagoya, Ōsaka, Sapporo, Sendai, Tōkyō, and Yokohama have subway systems.

Bullet Train(Shinkansen) Japan Subway(Chikatetsu)



Railway



Learning Japanese is fun. Isn't it? Let's take a test. Q.R. Code Test 5

 Self-check:

If Test 5 Score is more than 80% go ahead. If not learn again.



ACHIEVEMENT CHECK

I can

- Write and read complete Hiragana script
- Write and read complete Katakana script
- Say numbers from 1 to 100
- Read and write words in Hiragana
- Read and write words in Katakana
- (think yourself and write)

Wow やった!



Rina has finished her basic learning of Japanese! Now she will go to Japan and will learn more about Japan and Japanese Language with her Japanese Friend Yamada Yukiko!

Let's go to Tokyo with her and learn!

